THE EVENING STAR is served to subscribers in the city by carriers, on their own account, at 10 cents per week, or 44 cents per month. Copies at the counter, 2 cents each. By mail—postage prepaid—50 cents a month, the year, \$6; six months, \$3. [Entered at the Post Office at Washington, D. C., as second-class mail matter. THE WEEKLY STAR—published on Friday—\$2 a year, postage prepaid. Six months, \$1; 10 copies for \$15; 20 copies for \$20. (F All mail subscriptions must be paid in advance; Repair sent longer than is paid for. Rates of advertising made known on application.

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

G. A. R. ATTENTION! — MEADE POST will assemble at 405 13th s reet southwest, at 4 o'clock p.m., 17th inst., to attend funeral of our late Comrade, J. F. B. Pursell. By order 1t\* M. A. DILLON, Commander. THE FIFTH ANNUAL MEETING OF THE TWELFTH BUILDING ASSOCIATION of Georgetown, D.C., will be held at Goddard's Hall, on THURSDAY EVENING. August 17th, at 8 o'clock, when there will be an election of officers to serve the ensuing year, FERDINAND KING, and 6.94.

SAM'L S. SHEDD, 409 9TH STREET NORTHWEST.

SLATE MANTELS AT COST TO REDUCE STOCK. GAS FIXTURES, FURNACES.

PLUMBING and TINNING. W. WAYLAND WILSON'S INSECTICIDE, the best powder for reaches, and refined Guri Camphor, for moths, at DREW'S Drug Store, corner 9th street and Pennsylvania avenue. my25-6m GLEN FLORA AND BETHESDA WATERS FRESH FROM THE SPRING.

> W. C. MILBURN, PHARMACIST, 1429 Pennsylvania avenue.

m15 SAMUEL KER, DET GOODS, 930 7th street northwest. New French and Scotch Ginghams, just opened; best

pualifies at low prices.
Silks, Satins, and Rhadames, extra good values. STEAM COOKERS. GAS STOVES AND RUBBER HOSE.

Call and examine at 531 15th street. F. F. BROOKS. Fine Gas Fixtures, &c,

## ATTORNEYS.

W. T. FITZGERALD.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
60. Corcoran Building. Practices in all the Courts. Rooms 2 and 4 Gunton Law Building.

472 Leuisiana avenue.

HOME, SWEET HOME, A PAMPHLET OF 26 pages, on sanitary plumbing, issued for gratuitous circulation, gives valuable information of general interest. The Sanitary Engineer says: "It is a very concise, clear and sensible epitome of the general principles of plumbing and house drainage." W. Paul Gerhard, civil and sanitary engineer. Newport, R. I., writes: "I wish to express my thanks to you for the pamphlet, "Home, Sweet Home." It have read it with interest, and think you give it much too modest title by calling it an advertisement. It conto medest title by calling it an advertisement. It contains, condensed in a few pages, sound and valuable advice. I wish, only, householders would carefully Ask for it at our stores-317 9th street, 1730 Pstreet, HAYWARD & HUTCHINSON.

THE IMMENSE STOCK

MISFIT STORE, CORNER TENTH AND F STREETS,

Is growing be autifully less, and those wishing some of the Bargains sold there, better call at once.

There are a few more of those BLUE FLANNEL SUITS at \$9.00, worth \$15.00. Also, a few more of those fine NUN'S CLOTH COATS AND VESTS at \$6.00, worth \$10.00. Also, a few more CHEVIOT and CASSIMERE SUITS at \$10, worth \$18.
Also, a few more fine CASSIMERE SUITS at \$12.00, worth \$20.00.

At \$15.00 you can buy a Suit sold formerly at \$25.00.

\$12.50 will buy a senuine CALCUTTA SEERSUCKER

SUIT, made in first-class style, equal to any sold here at \$20.00. #3.50 will buy an ALL-LINEN SUIT worth \$6.00.
We have also a few more of those BLUE ALL-LINEN SUITS, fast colors, at \$5.00, worth \$9.00.
The time draws near when we have to make improvements in Store. We therefore make REDUCTIONS IN ALL KINDS OF FINE CLOTHING, regardless of cost.

We have a few more of those BLACK BROADCLOTH SU1TS at \$18.00; would be cheap at \$10.00. In BOYS' SUITS there are some splendid patterns left. In WHITE AND FANCY LINEN DUCK VESTS we have some of the better grades left. Will slaughter ings for forfeiture of the books on the part of cus-

them, regardless of cost. A few more of those CASSIMERE AND BLUE FLAN-NEL VE-TS must go. The prices on them will

Some OFFICE COATS are left. We sell them at 40c.
They will not be left very long.

Also, some good ALPACA COATS. If you want one, Come soon. Low prices will soon close them out.

Our stock of PANTS is getting small, but we have still a good assortment, and generally suit everybody who comes for them.

OUR MOTTO: No TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS Eatisfaction guaranteed at the

CORNER TENTH AND F STREETS. 205

AT COST! "AT COST!"

We have marked down all LINEN LAWNS to 18 cts. Lest CANTON GINGHAMS reduced to 10c. A splendid line of GRENADINES of most desirable Myles reduced to cost.

All COLORED DRESS GOODS at cost. WHITE GOODS. Splendid stock. Low prices. HOSIERY and UNDERWEAR. Large stock. All at

All FANCY PARASOLS at cost. We are compelled to sell goods cheap to prepare for removal to our new store, now building for us, a few

doors west of our present location. "ONE PRICE ONLY." TRUNNEL & CLARK.

803 MARKET SPACE.

PEACH PARERS! APPLE SLICERS!! COMPINATION; CIDER AND

FFF RRE U U II TTT FF RRE U U II T T FF R R U U II T T FF R R U U II T FF R R UU II T R REEE SSSS SSSS EEE SSSS EUILDERS AND GENERAL HARDWARE,

F. P. MAY & CO., 634 Penna. avenue, near 7th street.

A EIG TUMBLE IN WHITE PINE LUMBER.

AS USUAL WE ARE THE FIRST TO REDUCE the thermostat in operation and give prompt and Sheckell examined it and pronounced life extinct. Simultaneous notice to the watchmen within the The coroner was notified and this morning gave a PRICES.

WHITE PINE INCH SECONDS DRESSED (2) SIDES, \$40 PER THOUSAND.

OUR INCH SECONDS ARE AS GOOD AS MOST OTHER YARD SELECTS, AND MAY BE BET-TER CALLED WHITE PINE CLEAR LUMBER. DRESSED TWO SIDES, FOR \$4 PER ONE HUN-DRED FEET.

WILLET & LIBBEY,

COR. CTH STREET AND NEW YORK AVENUE.

WALKER'S, 264 16TH STREET NORTHWEST.—
LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER,
MOTHPHOOF PELT, CARPET FELT.

Mr. W. J. WARREN, chief clerk of the engineer's | engine house, Massachusetts avenue near 4th

bureau of the War department, who left the city street, the fire department responded and the

partment, has been granted leave of absence to No. 3 engine from Capitol Hill was being driven

assist the Metropolitan Industrial League of New | down C street and was crossing New Jersey ave-

York in preparing and harmonizing statistical nue on its way to the fire, the engine was upset and badly smashed. Jos. Daniels, acting as

THE TALLAPOOSA, with Secretary Chandler on | was picked up insensible and was taken in the

ver, from the Powhatan, 21st inst., and placed on of a disease which defied the skill of surgery and

Fire and Serious Accident.

AN ENGINE UPSET AND PIREMEN INJURED.

About 10:30 o'clock this morning the two-story

building on H street, between 2d and 3d north-

west, owned by Mr. John C. McKelden and occu-

pied for several years past, up to July 1st, as a

public school building, was discovered to

be on fire and an alarm being sounded from No. 6

entrance to the building, and getting into the ceiling it was with some difficulty conquered. The loss is about \$200, supposed to be insured. As

driver at the time, was strapped in his seat, and

when the engine turned over he struck his head on the pavement and the air chamber and one of the horses fell on him. One of the firemen—

Kirkpatrick-was also injured slightly, his head

being cut. He, with others, jumped off the

engine as they saw the apparatus overturning

police ambulance to Providence hospital and Dr.

Bayne attended him. He was found to be suffer-

ing with concussion of the brain, to be seriously

hurt internally, and to be badly bruised. Mr. Dan-

iels is a native of Philadelphia, and was formerly a

member of the government fire department, and

resides on 5th street, between K and L northeast,

where he has a family of six children. His wife

dled about a year ago. He was supposed to be

The Death of Senator Hill.

HIS NOTABLE CAREER-PERSONAL REMINISCENCES-

AN ABLE MAN GONR.

A few minutes after 6 o'clock this morning U. S.

Senator Benjamin Harvey Hill, of Georgia, died at

his residence in Atlanta. For months past his life

medicine. For days and weeks he had been calmly

His death removes one of the most conspicuous

figures in modern politics and hushes a voice of

powerful eloquence. But a few months ago,

scarcely over a year, Senator Hill was the very

picture of physical strength and intellectual vigor.

In the contest between the republicans and demo-crats, which caused the noted deadlock in the

Senate immediately following Gen. Garfield's in-

auguration, Mr. Hill took a most prominent part.

indeed, he was the real leader of his party in that

fight. Although the insidious disease which sapped his strength and carried him to the grave had then

dence of it. Of all his compeers in the Senate he was about the last who would have been selected

by human vision as the first of that body to die.

He himself did not then dream of the fatal nature

ONE OF THE LIONS OF THE SENATE.

tol invariably asked to have pointed out to them

was Senator Hill, of Georgia. He won his spurs

in political debate years ago in the House, and in

He was born in Jasper county, Georgia, September 14, 1823, and was therefore not quite 59 years of

age. He received a classical education, and grad-

uated with the highest honors of his class at the

University of Georgia in 1844. The following year

almost as soon as he acquired his profession, and

him to the front. He served terms in both

by the Union until Georgia followed other southern

PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS.

He never read his speeches, no matter how im-

read such books or documents as contained infor-

from manuscript and rarely ever used written

operation. He returned to his duties

charged, however, by his surgeons, not to engage

sitions in the army agitated the Senate his inter-

Hill was a man of genial nature and kind dispo-

sition, though of strong passions and determined

will. His personal qualities were recognized

during his illness, and before it assumed a ne

assuring him of their regard and sympathy. The

crooks, etc. The cane was presented through Mr,

DIVORCE SUIT .- Ann E. Suilivan has filed a suit

Affairs in West Washington.

and Rock creek, and was drowned before she could be rescued. The body was recovered and taken to

certificate according to the above facts. The de-ceased was well known to the police. She was without home and friends, and was doubtless tired

SUDDEN DEATH.—Wilhelm Raes, an old soldier, an inmate of Soldier's Home, died suddenly last evening at the residence of Mrs. Stiner, in Mont-

comery county, near the District line, above Chain bridge.

Personals.—Mrs. Sawyer, who is in Brattle-

boro', Vermont, was taken very ill a few days ago and summoned Dr. Mackall from this place. The intelligence is that she is better to-day, however.

—Mrs. Emily Adams leaves to-day for the East-ern Shore of Maryland. —Mr. Williams, the mar-ket master, has been complimented by the health officer upon the clean condition in which he keeps

SURVEYING FOR THE WATER WORKS EXTENSION

began yesterday on the Conduit road. It is said

the pipes will cross Rock creek on trestlework just below the draw, passing in the rear of the Linthe-cum place and through Kalorama.

Grain.—Arrived—Boat Caledonia, with 1,800 bus.

MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE .- Offerings on 'change

to-day, 1,800 bus, wheat; sold at prices ranging from \$1.10 to \$1.12.

CONDITION OF THE WATER.-Great Falls and res-

There was a great demonstration of the Irish national party at Ogden Grove, near Chicago, yesterday, 10,000 people being in attendance. Jas. Redpath was one of the speakers.

HIGH TIDE. - August 17, 9:50 a. m., 10:09 p. m.

heat and 1, 900 bus. corn.

of life. No other cause is assigned for the act.

SUICIDE OF A WOMAN.-Last evening about 814

in discussion, but when the question of repealing the law, forbidding ex-Confederates to hold po-

the Senate he maintained his fame as one of the

One of the Senators whom visitors to the Capi-

of the small ulceration in his mouth, which annoyed

more than it disturbed him.

has been gradually wasting away from the ravages

dying this afternoon.



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nue, \$352,215.74; customs, \$1,342,343.01.

demption, \$210,000.

turned last evening.

to the tariff commission.

leave from that date.

to Santa Cruz.

Washington News and Gossip.

GOVERNMENT RECEIPTS To-DAY .- Internal reve-

NATIONAL BANK NOTES received to-day for re-

CHARLES S. HILL, statistician of the State de-

reports of the various industries to be submitted

THE SOCIETY, Army of the Cumberland, enjoys

the distinction of having on its rolls three Justices

of the Supreme Court of the United States, viz:

board, left Norfolk last evening at 5:30. She is

expected to reach Wilmington, Del., this after-

noon, where the Secretary will inspect the unfin-

ished iron-clad Amphritrite. From Wilmington

the Tallapoosa will proceed to League Island, Pa.,

NAVAL ORDERS.-Lieut, Commander Edward T.

Strong, ordered as executive of the training ship

Minnesota, Lieuts, Chas. A. Clark, R. B. Peck

and Webster Doty, to the Minnesota. Master A. C. Hodgson, to the Jamestown. Asst. Surgeon J.

D. Castillo, to the navy yard, Washington. Lieut. R. M. Cutts, detached from the navy yard, Mare

Island, 6th October, and ordered to duty in the bu-

reau of ordnance, 14th October. Ensigns F. B. Vin-

ton and Thos. M. Bramby, from the Jamestown,

and ordered to the Minnesota. Ensign A. E. Cal-

waiting orders. Midshipman John E. McDonald.

from the Ranger, 25th inst., and granted one year's

TRANSIT OF VENUS.-Lieut. Samuel W. Very, U-

S. navy, will have charge of the transit of Venus

party to be stationed at Santa Cruz, Patagonia.

The other persons attached to the party are: O.

B. Wheeler, assistant astronomer; William Bell,

photographer, and Irvin Stanley, assistant pho-

tographer. The party will leave in a few days from New York for South America, via Europe. The

flagship Brooklyn will take them from Montevideo

THE WHITE HOUSE is being thoroughly renovated and repaired. Sanitary improvements are also

being made. An iron sewer pipe of twelve inches

in diameter, with sealed connections and improved

taps, is to be substituted for the large brick old-

fashioned sewer, which was somewhat defective,

and allowed the escape of sewer gas. In tearing

cumulation of filth. Such a state of affairs will

be impossible with the new sewer. Measures are

also being taken to improve the ventilation of the

building and render it more habitable in every

way. The entire front of the mansion is also to

be scraped and painted. It is far from present-

able in its present condition, being covered with cobwebs and badly soiled and discolored. The

East Room is now about the only part of the

Patents were issued yesterday as follows: Frank

S. Anderson and C. Sauer, Easton, Md., feed water

apparatus; T. A. Connolly, Washington; M. Dan-

iel Connolly, Philadelphia, and T. J. McTighe,

Pittsburg, automatic telephone exchange; Willard

D. Doremus, Washington, paper file holders; John

M. Goodridge, Baltimore, wood screw; John C.

Lang, Washington, metallic bill file; John W. Mc-

Knight, Washington, manufacture of artificial

marble, stone and tile; Chas. F. Meyers, Washing-

ton, two patents, one for toy flying machine and

the other for flying machine; Edward Small, Bal-

DECISION UNDER THE COPYRIGHT LAW .- The law

provides that reprints abroad of American copy-

righted books shall be subject to forfeiture upon

Importation or sale in the United States. There is

toms officers on the importation of such reprints.

The Acting Secretary of the Treasury has, how-

ever, decided that the customs officers may detain

the reprints, and notify the owners of the copy-

rights to the end that the latter may take such !

Miss Mary Aukward and Miss Minnie Schott, who

were at the seashore during the month of July, will spend the remainder of the summer at Rock

Enon Springs .- Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Williams, of

the War department, have gone to Willow Grove, Va.

Monroe. -- Judge Advocate General Remey, U.S.

Mr. H. C. Carrington, of the Secretary of War's

rington is still at Ocean Grove. --- Mrs. Nellie Sar-

City.-E. P. Corvaizier is at Cape May.-

Capt. I. N. Burritt has gone to Uniondale,

a. - Ralph Jefferson is at North Deer Island,

Me. - Thomas Wallsh is at Rock Enon. - John

W. Kennedy is at Saratoga. -- Commissioner

through the day and make trips over night to the

District Government Affairs.

IMPURE WATER.

The District chemist, Prof. DeSmedt, has made a

re-analysis of the water from the well at the Wash-

ington City Orphan Asylum, corner of 14th and S

streets, and prorounces it as still impure and unfit

for drinking purposes. He also reports to the health officer that the water in the well at the

corner of 9th street and New York avenue is unfit

for drinking purposes. The Commissioners have

Precautions Against Damage by Fire.

SAFETY OF THE TREASURY BUILDING AND ITS CON-

CRONIN OF THE DISTRICT FIRE DEPARTMENT.

ster and Supervising Architect H. G. Hill. In the

report he recommends that there be provided eight

ladders, four in each court yard, with stand p ipe

and stationary ladders, reaching from the ground

to the roof. In view of the combustible character

of the roof, and especially the danger in the east

wing, a large stationary chemical engine should

be placed in the basement. Thermo-electric alarms!

should be provided in each room and in the stair-

cal engine in the basement should be provided with a system of pipes leading to each floor, and a sufficient quantity of hose be attached to the pipes

on each floor, so as to reach every room on

the same. With these precautions, and preparations a fire could not originate any where

in the building without making an alarm, because

building and the fire department without. In many cases it would probably happen that the watchmen alone would be able to extinguish the

fire. Should, however, the fire get beyond their power the notice by the thermostat to the fire department and the facilities rendered them by the stand pipes and ladders would almost always be attended with the earliest possible extinguishment. Each of the several agencies referred to would of course be valuable of itself alone but

would, of course, be valuable of itself alone, but with all acting together the effect must be corres-pondingly increased. In a building constructed like the Treasury it would seem clear that no

partial or imperfect methods should be adopted, but that the most thorough attainable protection

FIXING THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE INJURY TO

MR. PUMPHREY.—James Wright, the colored driver who drove his wagon over Mr. Jackson Pumphrey

who drove his wagon over Mr. Jackson Pumphrey last Saturday, was put on trial in the Police Court this morning on the charge of assaulting that geatleman. Mr. Pumphrey was still very feeble and testified that he thought the defendant did not intentionally assault him, or was not even guilty of criminal negligence, because the accident occurred on 4½ street, near B street southwest, near the Baltimore and Potomac railroad, and two horses were frightened by the frightful noise caused by the blowing of steam whistless for on the learner.

the blowing of steam whistles, &c., on the locomotives, and witness thought the railroad people were the ones who were accountable for the accident. Judge Bundy said he was of the same opinion in relation to the railroad, for it never should have been put in the city. In view of these facts, the court dismissed the defendant.

be afforded at first and at once.

ways, to be operated from each floor. The chemi- Harding.

TENTS-IMPORTANT REPORT OF CHIEF ENGINEER

Washington Grove camp meeting.

been notified of the latter.

navy, has gone to New York for a few days.-

and family are at Nantucket. --- Mrs. C. E. Schott, him but a short time.

-Treasurer Gilfillan has returned from Fortress | portant the subject or how much time he might

office, has returned from his vacation. Mrs. Car- mation on the points he desired. He never spoke

toris and two children and maid and Mr. John L. notes. He possessed a wonderful memory and

Stevens, United States Minister to Sweden and | would treasure in it all the points of an intended

Norway, will sail from New York in the Eibe to-day.—Aristarchi Bey, Turkish Minister at Wash- he and Mr. Blaine frequently antagonized each

ington, and Assistant Postmaster General Hazen | other in the Senate. A discussion between these

are in New York. - Mrs. William S. Kelly, I. G. two men always filled the galleries. During last

Bayton, A. J. Meyers and R. D. Harlan, of this summer and fall, Mr. Hill was under surgical

is at Mountain Top, Arton Va.—Commissioner of Congress his medical attendants believed they

A. R. West has gone to New London, Conn., for had effectually checked the ravages of

two weeks .- Mrs. Emma Raymond is at Atlantic the cancer in his mouth by a surgical

The chief engineer of the District fire depart- formed Battalion of Patriarchs of this city, is a

the Treasury department, a report resulting from as rare as the workmanship is admirable. It has on

the increase of temperature near the fire would set | the third precinct station-house, where Dr. A. B.

W. S. Tappan.

timore, apparatus for making wire solder.

building open to the public.

up this sewer it was found to be filled with an ac

Col. Mathews, Col. Harlan and Col. Wood.

WASHINGTON, D. C., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 16, 1882.

THE STAR ROUTE TRIAL.

by Mr. Chandler. When the Criminal Court met this morning, Mr. Carpenter continued his address to the jury in behalf of the defense in the star route trial. He took up first the route from Canyon City to Camp McDermott, reviewing the proceedings on that some time ago to attend his dying brother, the flames were extinguished. The fire appeared to route, as shown by the testimony. He then took in late Gen. G. K. Warren, at Newport, R. I., re- have originated under the steps near the east order the Toquerville and Adairville, Saguache to Lake City, and Julian to Colton routes. While discussing the latter route, Mr. Carpenter averre d that the expedition complained of in that route had been approved by the administration that succeeded Mr. Brady's, by continuing the expedition down to the end of the contract term. MR. KER OBJECTED to this statement, as being outside of the ev

Mr. Carpenter Closes and is Followed

Judge Wylie said he could not discuss facts not Mr. Carpenter said that there were no facts in evidence to show that the administration subse-

Mr. Carpenter said he was discussing facts.

quent to Mr. Brady's was an honest one, though it had been so declared by counsel for the govern-

Mr. Merrick observed that if the judgment of the succeeding administration was considered competent to determine the propriety of these expeditions he proposed to show that that administration had cut the routes to pieces. If the issue was made he would accept it. Mr. Wilson called attention to warrants in evi dence showing payments down to the end of the contract term.

that the matter was not pertinent to the case, and counsel ought not to comment upon it. Whatever the succeeding administration did ought not to have the slightest influence on the question they awaiting the inevitable end, and he passed away as peacefully as the lull of a soft, summer breeze. | were trying. Commenting upon the production of precious metals by the west, he said he thought the west paid its way. The theory of the prosecution was based upon the confessions, so-called, of two of the defendants, which the court held could only apply to those defendants. It was one of the characteristics of falsehood to continually cross its own tracks. According to the testi-mony of Walsh, Brady's rate was thirty per cent. According to Rerdell's confession the rate was thirty per cent. It was not denied that Rerdell went to Messrs James and MacVeagh

"Where is the evidence to that?" asked Mr Merrick. "There is no such evidence in this case," said Judge Wylle.
Mr. Carpenter said he thought Mr. James or Mr MacVeagh had testified to that. Mr. Totten said there was evidence that he had made a different statement Mr. Merrick said that Mr. MacVeagh, in cross examination, said that he had heard that Rerdell had made a retraction. That was

MERELY HEARSAY TESTIMONY. Mr. Carpenter said that he would show them that Rerdell's statement was untrue by the record. He then proceeded to argue the improbability of such an arrangement as Rerdell's statement described.

He argued that the evidence was overwhelmingly in favor of the defense, and showing that he was admitted to the bar. He entered politics the statement in the indictment that this service his powers of oratory and courage at once carried was unnecessary, was a falsehood. He denied with some indignation the statement of Mr. Ker, branches of the legislature, and was defeated in that ex-Senator Dorsey had deserted his brother 1855 for Congress and in 1857 for governor on the in respect of counsel. Referring to Mr. Ker's American ticket. He opposed secession, and stood | statement that the slanderous tongue had gone out with words spoken that were to throw doubt states into the rebellion. He served in both houses of

the confederate congress, and after the return of THE INTEGRITY OF THE JURY, the democracy to power in Georgia, subsequent to the rebellion, was elected to the 44th Congress, Mr. Carpenter said that if that meant anything is and also to the 45th. It was in the latter Conmeant that in some way or other the defendants gress that he attracted the attention of the nation had approached a portion of the jury.

and won the distinction which he has since had. Mr. Carpenter said he proposed to meet all ques-tions that were presented to him. His client, Sen-ator Dorsey, had faced death in a thousand forms on the battle-field, yet he had not the courage to He entered the lists in political debate against Mr. Blaine, then the republican leader of the House, and regarded as invincible in discussion. Those were the days of flerce sectional passion, approach any man on that jury with a proposition and political warfare was earnest and bitter. Mr. of that sort. If that slanderous tongue had gone Blaine had in one of his masterly efforts arraigned out, it certainly did not go out from the defense. the south and flayed Jeff. Davis. In behalf of his It seemed to him that the jury were asked to bathe section Ben. Hill manifested courage enough to their characters in perjury to wipe out the stain the even encounter the great debater of Maine, and prosecution had cast upon them. That was what they call justice. "You know and I know," said the country still remembers the exciting forensic measures for the forfeiture of the books as the cir- struggle that followed. The republicans made cumstances may warrant. Mr. Carpenter to the jury, that no man ever did approach you. It is a vile calumny upon you. Not the exciting state of sectional feeling that fact content with aspersing the jury, they went so far, Personal.-J. W. Thompson is at Asbury Park. | State elevated him to the Senate, to which body even, as to attempt to drag the marshal of the Dis-\_\_\_\_J. O. Wilson and family and Wm. Ballantyne his recent antagonist, Mr. Blaine, had preceded trict into this matter."

MR. MERRICK HERE INTERRUPTED. saying that there was no testimony in the case relating to this matter. Mr. Hill was one of the few public men who re-Mr. Carpenter said the court itself had alluded tained the habit of speaking extemporaneously.

Judge Wylle said that he had called the attention of the jury to the matter. consume. His usual mode of preparation was to Mr. Merrick said that was a matter between the court and the jury, and not for the counsel to comment upon. If the counsel were permitted to go | be) entirely in the hands of a court and jury for into it, he was willing. "Do you mean to say that you will prove that the marshal had acted irregularly?" asked Mr.

> "I mean to say," said Mr. Merrick, "that if you make the issue as to who circulated the reports, we are ready for it." Mr. Carpenter proceeding, argued that there was no conspiracy. He quoted Mr. Merrick as having said that this trial cost \$,000,000, but Mr. Merrick denied this, declaring that he said these FRAUDS HAD COST THE GOVERNMENT A MILLION DOLLIRS.

Mr. Carpenter went through the routes to show to whom payments were made, and argued that the government itself nad disproved that the defendants had a common interest in these routes. Morgan has sufficiently recovered from his rheu- est in it made him forget the injunction, and he Mr. Carpenter commented at length upon the matic attack to be able to attend to business | took part in the discussion. His voice seemed as great benefits conferred by the fostering care of strong, but there was a painful impediment in his the government in all bunches of inquistry and speech, which, though impairing articulation did not destroy the power of his eloquence. Senator IN CLOSING, MR. CARPENTER SAID

that when he remembered, as a part of political by a political party in a heated campaign two years before they were brought to trial, and that an attempt was made to connect our late President with these transactions, he was reminded of the evanescent character of all earthly things, and encounter the connect our late President (dem.); 3d district of Missouri, A. M. Dockery (dem.); 3d district of Missouri, W. H. Figon (dem.); 13th district of M cessarily fatal shape, by a joint letter from his brother Senators, signed by every one of them, deadlock contest of last year was the last in which Mr. Hill ever appeared as a leader. He joined the jury that they should so act that made the first attack upon Senator Mahone, and when in the last hour the tablets of memory were the republicans for their alleged alliance, which was the keynote of the democratic contest on that | unlocked, they would remember that unawed by popular clamor, and unshaken by prejudice they had discharged their duty, and rendered, in accordance with the testimony, a verdict of not guilty. HANDSOME TESTIMONIAL TO A MOST WORTHY a few evenings since to our esteemed fellow-citizen, Past Grand Sire Wm. W. Moore, by the Uni-

Mr. Carpenter closed his address at 12 o'clock, and was followed by Mr Chandler, who said he ment has submitted to Col. Webster, chief cierk of | beautiful and valuable testimonial. The design is of this case. He referred to the indictment, which, he said, had been lost sight of in the case. The indictment charged these defendants with conspiracy to defraud the United States government. If there was fraud, there must have been decepthe personal examination of the Treasury depart-ment building made in company with Col. Web-ment building made in company with Col. Web-ment building made in company with Col. Webtion. There was a maxin of law that A GOOD TRADE WAS NOT FRAUD.

> A man has a right to mate the best trade he can for divorce agt. James H. Sullivan. The bill sets anywhere or everywhere. In a free country like forth marriage on January 9th, 1862, in Fredericksthis a man had a right to employ his superior talburg. Va., where they resided for ten years, when they removed to this city. She charges drunken-ness, cruel treatment and desertion in December, ents in any way he chose and make money. If these contractors had made \$400,000 or \$1,000,000, if that was all there was of it, they had 1878, and asks divorce, the custody of her children, and permission to resume her maiden name of no right to inquire into it. It was alieged that there was a conspiracy to obtain expeditions on these routes. Now, they could not abandon this general conspiracy and substitute for it a conspiracy between any two or any four of these de-fendants. This conspiracy was described in the indictment by stating tie number of men and the contracts involved in it Neither one of these eleo'clock Mary Holland, a white woman, 50 years old, jumped into the canal, between 29th street

ments could be dispensed with in this case. There was not an act in the indictment or in proof conwas not an act in the indictment or in proof con-demned by law. They could not put together a number of acts, not in themselves con-taining the essence of crime, and make a crime out of the multitude. They had no right to get a little suspicion here and a little suspicion there, and put them to-gether to show a crime. The court would not fail to instruct them that there must be proved an agreement among these defendants, though he might instruct them that it was not necessary to prove a meeting of the defendants. There must be proved beyond a reasonable doubt that the might instruct them that it was not necessary to prove a meeting of the defendants. There must be proved beyond a reasonable doubt that the petitions and letters presented to the department were false, and that there defendants made an agreement to present false petitions and letters. The prosecution must prove that the defendants used these means, and not strangers. Having established the conspirace, the prosecution must establish that there influences created by the defendants were the sole influences used, and that the government was defauled by these influences. He would contend that there was not one note of He would contend that there was not one lota of evidence to show that the government had been defrauded or damaged. The case was magnified by the fact that the government was involved in it. He would discuss it s a case between individ-

At half-past 12 Mr. Candlers argument was interrupted by the usual ecess. Mr. Chandler continued his argument. He called attention of the cort to the case of the United States against Meyee, 81 Dillon, page 565, as to

proof. Mr. Ker said frequently that if the charges were not true the defendants should explain. If the government has closed its case and left it in a condition where it needed explanation the govern-ment had failed. The government should estabish its case with such clearness that explanation should not be necessary.

The Garfield Monument Bazar.

ORGANIZATION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS. The board of directors for the Bazar Industrial and Art Exposition, to be held in the rotunda of the Capitol, November 25th to December 3d, 1882 under the auspices of the Society Army of the Cumberland, for the benefit of the Garfield monument, as authorized by joint resolution of the House of Representative and Senate of the United States, has been organized as follows:-Board of Directors-Hon. David Davis, President Senate; Hon. J. Warren Keif er, Speaker House; Mr. Justice J. M. Harlan, Lieut. Gen. Philip H. Sheridan, Mr. Justice Stanley Matthews, Mr. Justice Wm. B. Woods, John W. Thompson, Henry A. Willard, Colons, D. D. John W. Chong, N. J. A. Willard, G. Colons, R. J. Willard, G. Colons, R. Willard, R. Willard, G. Colons, R. Willard, G. Colons, R. Willard, Col. D. B. Ainger, Crosby S. Ncyes, Gen. N. L. Anderson, Gen. Albert Ordway, Major M. M. Parker, Col. W. G. Moore, Mr. Frank Hatton, Capt. S. E. Thomasen, Commissioner J.R. West, Major Merritt Barber, U.S.A.; Col. A. F. Rockwell, U.S.A.; Col. Richard J. Bright, Capt. L. V. Caziarc, U.S.A.; A. L. Barber, Gen. D. G. Swaim, Com. S. P. Carter, U.S.N.; J. F. Oimstead, C. C. Glover, Wim. S. Thompson, Wm. S. Roose, Dr. C. B. Purvis, Col. J. Thompson, Wm. S. Roose, Dr. C. B. Purvis, Col. J. Capting and the sleep by the state of the sleep by the state of the sleep by the sleep Judge Wylte remarked that he could not permit

A COMPARISON BETWEEN THE SEVERAL ADMINIS
TRATIONS.

O. P. Burnside, Gen. W. B. Hazen, B. H. Warner,
E. K. Johnson, Lieut. J. P. Story, U.S.A.; John
Tweedale, Gen. T. T. Crittenden, Hen. John A. J.

Struggle. He died from exhaustion. Creswell, Capt. Wm. H. Clapp, U. S. A.; Gen. R. D. Mussy, Com. Earl English, U.S.N.; Col. Hunter Brooke, Edward Clarke, Col. Geo. W. Hooker, A.

E. Bateman. Mr. J. W. Thompson has been designated as president of the board, and Gen. D. G. Swaim as freasurer; Mr. F. T. Wilson as corresponding sec-

in a few days. In the meantime those desiring space to make exhibits, or who in any way desire aiding in the enterprise, should address John W. Thompson, president of the board, Washington, D. C. It is hoped and expected that people from all parts of the country will take hold and push the exposition to a splendid success.

Presumptions of Guilt. From the Sunday Herald.

This is the statute under which Thomas J. Brady did not go on the witness stand last week to explain his official acts as Second Assistant Post-

In the trial of all indictments, informations, complaints, and other proceedings against persons charged with the commission of crimes, offenses, and misdemeanors in the United States courts, the person so charged shall, at his own request, but not otherwise, be a competent witness; and his failure to make such request shall not create any presumption against him. [Act approved March 16, 1878.]

That is to say, as we understand it, no legal presumption is created, and it might be necessary for the judge to instruct the jury to that effect; but the statute does not prohibit the drawing of a plain common sense inference from the failure of the defense to explain away incriminating evidence; and it could not, of course, prevent the public mind from doing so by any exercise of power. Mr. Brady, therefore, having full opportunity to explain personally as well as by witnesses why he squandered two million dollars a year more than his predecessors or successor, on seless or superfluous star routes, has stood mute and contented himself with a futile attempt to break down the testimony of the prosecution in one or two unimportant particulars. To the press and people of the country this has appeared a third confession as conclusive as that made by Rerdell or testified to by Walsh, and it really seems impossible, consistently with the laws of the human mind, that it should not have due effect with the jury.

We are near enough to the end of the trial to begin to speculate upon the result. When we consider the safeguards thrown by the common law around persons accused of crime, the difficulty in all cases of proving a conspiracy, even when one of the conspirators reveals it, and the means and resources of the defendants, so lavishly applied in hiring lawyers, buying newspapers, and probably in other ways not so well known to the public, one "moral conviction" which already exists in the minds of all honest citizens. But when, on the other hand, regard is had to the overwhelming and close-locked proofs of the prosecution, perfectly cohering in every particular with the exactitude of truth itself, the vague and inconsequential attempts of the defense to make an answer, their apparent and growing lack of harmony among themselves, and the character of the jury men, so far as known, then it is possible to feel a hope that full justice will be done.

Public opinion does not have to await the arguments of counsel, and we think we are voicing it when we urge that an example be made, if possible, of the persons now on trial, not in anger over future. This is the interest that we feel in the star route cases, and which has drawn us from habitual reserve in regard to cases (presumed to

Will They Escape?

From the New York Sun, to-day. It has not been our expectation that the star expected. Yet as the trial has proceeded the case against them has been seen to be stronger and stronger, while the prosecution has been conducted jury. If there is a venal juryman in the panel, they may buy him; if there is not, how can they avoid the retribution of justice?

> The Political Field. NOMINATIONS FOR CONGRESS.

The following nominations for Congress were made yesterday: 7th district of Mississipp!, James history, that the changes here made were bruited Hill (rep.); 6th district of Alabama, G. W. Hewitt McBride, living in Cranbury, while lighting a fire nominated Hon. William K. Murphy, of Perry

LARGE IN VIRGINIA. At a meeting of the committee of the colored people of Virginia, held in Richmond yesterday, John Syphax, colored, of Alexandria, was nomi- | W. Woodruff, one of the victims of the late railnated as their .candidate for congressman-atlarge. It is claimed that the committee was proposed to discuss concisely some of the features which met in Petersburg in March of last year created by the state convention of colored men Syphax has heretofore acted in accord with the Coalitionists. With Rev. J. M. Dawson and Syphax, the colored people will have two candidates of their own race for congressman-at-large

> The republican county meeting at West Chester Pa., yesterday adopted resolutions condemning Congressman Hurd for his vote on the river and harbor bill.

With the view of removing Congressman Fulkinson from the Congressional contest in the 9th dis trict of Virginia, it is said that Senator Mahone will induce him to accept the consulship to Peru.
The Pennsylvania State League (colored) met in
Williamsport yesterday, over 100 delegates being
present. It was decided to issue an address to the people of Pennsylvania, in behalf of the republi-can party and pledging the league to the hearty support of Gen. Beaver and the regular republican ticket.

Mr. Massey, independent candidate for Congress in Virginia from the state at large, publishes a card in which he says that he is willing to mee Messra. Wise and Dawson, his readjuster and republican opponents, at any of the places at which he has appointments to speak, and will divide time with them.

Dorsey's Letter to Garfield. THE EX-SENATOR'S ACCOUNT OF HIS CORRESPOND-ENCE WITH THE LATE PRESIDENT. Special to N. Y. Sun.

Washington, August 15.—Ex-Senator Dorsey was asked to-night if his recently published letter to Garfield was sent and received by the President elect. "Certainly it was," said Mr. Dorsey, "and it formed the basis of a conversation we subsequently had on the same subject."

He was asked if Garfield replied to the letter in

"I wrote Garfield a number of letters," said Dorsey, "and I have a number of replies. If I re-Dorsey, "and I have a number of replies. If I remember aright, there was a reply to this particular one. These replies I do not consider my property, and I do not intend to pupilish them without the consent of proper parties, if at all. I may think it best to publish other letters of mine to Gar field, but do not intend to do so at this time." "There is a current report, Mr. Dersey, that Gen. Swaim says Garfield never received that letter." said the reporter ter," said the reporter.
"I don't think Gen. Swaim has sail that," was

The bodies of two young men, R. J. Goundrill and James Merritt, both sporting characters, were found on the railroad track near Mexico, N. Y., yesterday morning. It is supposed they were atsaling a ride and were knocked off the cars by the bridge. the degree of proofecessary in the case. He cited found on also the case of Chiffee against the United States, 18th Waliace, pag 545. He arrued that they could atcalling a not substitute specion, or even probability, for the bridge.

the reply.

l'elegrams to The DEATH OF SENATOR HILL BRITISH FIGHT WITH BEDOUINS.

TWO CENTS.

PROCLAMATION OF GENERAL SIR GARNET WOLSELEY. A SENSATION IN DUBLIN TO-DAY. MELVILLE IN RUSSIA. LATEST FROM THE LABOR

STRIKES.

Several hours before Senator Hill's death it was evident that the end was near. Soon after daybreak his family were summoned to his bedside,

and there were present at his death the following persons: Mrs. Hill, his wife; B. H. Hill, jr., and wife. Dr. R. P. Ridley and his wife, Senator Hill's daugh ter; Charles D. Hill, his son; two nephews of the retary, and Mr. T. K. Sailer, Mr. I. S. Hollingsworth | Senator, and Dr. Wright, attending surgeon. and Mr. W. Irwin as assistant corresponding sec-retaries. Four hours before passing away he made a sign for a hyperdemic injection of morphine, which Already applications are being made for space, was administered. He appeared to be awake and etc. The board will enter on its work at once, and as | conscious several times, but could not speak. At soon as possible arrange details, which when determined upon will be published in pamphlet form. Other committees will be formed and announced in a few days. In the meantime those desiring The English War in Egypt.

BRITISH FIGHT WITH CEDOUINS-FOUR OF THE LAT-TER KILLED. ALEXANDRIA, August 16.-An encounter between British mounted patrol and a party of 500 Be-

douins occurred this morning near Ramteh. Five of the latter were killed. SIR GARNET WOLSELEY'S PROCLAMATION.

Gen. Sir Garnet Wolseley, the English commander, with the authority of the Khedive, has issued that Rerdell went to Messrs, James and MacVeagh and made substantially the statements to which they testified, but then it was not true. In the first place Rerdell himself had sworn it was not true and made substantially the statements to which imaster General, which were so suspicious as to lead to his indictment by a grand jury and arraignment in a criminal court:

| Comparison of the Richard of the Richar ques will be respected, and all supplies paid for. Gen. Wolseley adds that he will be glad to receive all chiefs who are disposed to assist in repressing the rebellion. SAFETY OF THE SUEZ CANAL.

London, August 16.—The apprehensions regarding the safety of the Suez canal having been removed, business in the insurance of ships against war risks has ceased.

AND REJECTED BY ENGLAND. CONSTANTINOPLE, August 16.—The draught of the military convention proposed by the Porte to England was as follows:—"The Turkish army undertakes the pacification of Egypt without foreign assistance, the British to remain in their present positions and not to participate in the operations. The Turks shall be allowed to use Alexandria as a base of operations, and the Turks and British both to withdraw after the pacification of the country.' Lord Dufferin rejected this draught and submitted another stipulating that the Turks should not undertake operations without the previous consent of the British commander; that British officers should be attached to the Turkish headquarters, and that the question of evacuation should be the subject of a special convention. It is believed that there is no probability of the Porte accepting the English conditions. A few officers and soldiers have returned, on leave, from Suda bay, where 4,100 Turkish troops are assembled.

MOVEMENTS OF THE BRITISH COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF. ALEXANDRIA, August 16.—Gen. Wolseley held a conference to-day with Admiral Seymour and all the generals. He subsequently visited the Khemight well despair of anything more than that | dive. This afternoon Gen. Wolseley will inspect the Ramleh positions. THE EGYYTIANS WEAKENING.

PLYMOUTH, ENG., August 16.-A special dispatch from Alexandria to the Western Morning News says:—"A belief in the hopelessness of the strug-gle is spreading among the Egyptians. The British commander at Meks has received overtures for the surrender of an entire infantry battalion if it can

Two Young Men Drowned. BORDENTOWN, N. J., August 16 .- A row boat containing four young men was upset last night at Betty's Point, in the Delaware river, about 1% miles from here, and two of them, Andrew Ayrixson their defiance and contumacy of justice so much and John Doyle, who resided at Homerstown, were as in calm resolve to protect the Treasury and the drowned. Mr. Edward Jobes and Abner Doughtax-payers from similar million-dollar raids in the erty, of this city, being in the vicinity in a small boat, hearing the screams, rowed to the spot, and with difficulty succeeded in saving one of the young men named Hagerty, of Trenton, while the

other young man saved himself, he being the only swimmer in the party. The bodies of the two this talk has been, was in the house with her. He drowned men have been recovered. Fire in Boston. Boston, August 16.-At 2:20 this morning a fire route men would be convicted. They are so powerful, their relations are so extensive, their hold upon the grand old party is so tenselous, and they

upon the grand old party is so tenacious, and they floors were occupied by Woodward & Brown, plano possess so much "soap," that their escape is to be forte manufacturers, who had a large stock of anonymous letters and newspaper publications planos finished or in process of manufacture. about an alleged scandal between herself and Mr. Their loss is \$25,000. The other half of the third | Pelz, but she most emphatically denied the charge. floor was used as a composition room by Duffy, without any mercy toward them. And now, as it | Cashman & Co. Loss \$15,000. The second floor is near its conclusion, it becomes plain that their was used as a press room by the same firm, and only hope of escape lies in the corruption of the the greater part of the first floor for office purposes. The remainder of the first floor was used for storage purposes by the Estey Organ Company, who had perhaps fifty organs stored there. Their loss is small. The loss to the building is about \$5,000. The origin of the fire is unknown. Two tiremen were severely injured. Another Victim of Kerosene.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N.J., August 16.-Mrs. Albert

BRIGHTON BEACH, L.L., August 16.—Owing to the JOHN SYPHAX A CANDIDATE FOR CONGRESSMAN AT Beach track has been declared off.

> road accident at Parker's creek, near Long Branch, N.J., died suddenly last night of apoplexy. General Foreign News.

GRAND RECEPTION AWAITING ENGINEER MELVILLE AT ST. PRTERSBURG. St. Petersburg, August 16,-Engineer Melville and the seamen Ninderman and Noros, the survivors of the Jeannette, will to-day arrive at Moscow, where they will meet with a grand reception. THREE LIVES LOST IN THE ALPS.

GENEVA, August 16.—Dr. Gobat, an Englishman lett Zermatt on Friday last with two guides to ascend the Dent Blanche. All three were found dead on Sunday having fallen from a precipice.
This is the fourth accident of a similar character

that has occured this season. A Sensation in Dublin, MR. GRAY, M. P., SENTENCED TO IMPRISONMENT.

Dublin, August 16.—Mr. E. Dwyer Gray, member of Parliament and proprietor of the Freeman's Journal, was to-day sentenced to three months imprisonment and to pay a fine of £500 for con-tempt of court in publishing a letter of Mr. O'Brien, editor of the *United Ireland*, accusing the jury which convicted Francis Hynes of the murder of John Doloughty of being drunk on the night previous to the day their verdict was given, and an article commenting thereon. Mr. O'Brien and Mr. Davitt were put out of court. Mr. Gray, after being ntenced, was handed over to the custody of the city coroner. The latter evinced some reluctance to take charge of him, but Judge Lawson called upon him to do his duty. The coroner, whose intervention was necessary because Mr. Gray is high sheriff of the city of Dublin, then conveyed the prisoner to the Richmond prison. Mr. Gray, at the expiration of his term, must find surelies himself for £5,000 and two others in the sum of £2,000 sensation in the city. Mr. Gray was lord mayor of Dublin for 1880, and was nominated a second time for 1881, but declined to serve the office.

Grain Harvest in Wisconsin. LA CROSSE, Wis., August 16.—The first load of new oats sold here yesterday at forty cents. The wheat harvest in the valley is nearly finished. Farmers are troubled with furious local thunder

Killed by the Train. Piriston, Pa., August 16—George Courtright, track walker, in the employ of the Lehigh Valle Railroad Company, was run over by the midnight express train near Ransom, and killed. Freight Handling Mandamus

Albany, N. Y., August 16.—The attorney general has received official notice of the order of Judge Haight denying the application for a mandamus to compel the New York Central rathroad to handle freight. An appeal from this order to the general term will at once be taken.

Labor and Capital. CHANGE IN THE SITUATION AT COHOES.

COHOES, N. Y., August 16.—There is a decided hange at the Harmony mills to-day. The weavers work have been increased 25, and in numbers 1, and 3 mills there are 864 looms in operation 2 and 3 mills there are 864 looms in operation. Superintendent Johnston states the Harmony mills are all, with the exception of number 6, Ogden mill, running, with an increase of help each day since starting. There is no disturbance, and the help are protected against any interference. Good weavers in our employ run six looms easily on print cloths, and earn from \$6.50 to \$7 per week. On wide goods they earn from \$8.50 to \$7 per week. On wide goods they earn from \$8.50 to \$9. The girl operatives are furnished houses for \$2 and the men for \$3.50 per week. Good tenements are provided at from \$3 to \$6 per month. If our employes all around will accept the prices paid in Rhode Island for an equal amount of work, we will accept the mills to-morrow on the basis. The advantage is with the company, and their ultimate success is generally conceded.

THE STRIKING DRIVER BOYS. WILKESBARRE, Pa., August 16.-Work began at the Hoilenback mine this morning, but only a few driver boys have returned. Their places will be filled by laborers as fast as they can be procured. There is no telling how long the mine will continue its operations. Should the laborers refuse to accept the positions of the driver boys, there will be very little coal taken out.

Killed Himself to Get Rid of His Quarretsome Family.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., August 16.—George Watson, aged 54 years, a saloon keeper, committed suicide this morning by hanging himself in an alley adjoining his saloon, at 227 Quarry street. Constant quarreling between his wife and his sister, who lived with him, is said to have led to Watson taking his life. He had threatened to commit suicide several times, and made an attempt to shoot himself last Friday.

Prices of Provisions Steadily Declining. Chicago, August 16, 10 a. m.—After the first half aour on 'change this morning prices show a considerable weakening, especially for provisions, which are being offered in heavy lots, buyers holding off. Prices are: wheat, a full cent lower; corn, a little more than a cent off; oats, 4,4%c. lower; pork, 3,2%c. lower, reaching the lowest point for some weeks; lard, lower. It is maintained by many operators that the "bulls" in provisions are depressing the market in order to get in at bottom figures. The tendency of the market lately has been pretty steadily downward.

Collision of Trains. Boston, August 16.-Two regular freight trains, numbers 47 and 98, collided near Hampton, Conn.,

ajured. The accident was caused by a misunder standing of orders. The engines and cars are much damaged.

his morning. Nobody is reported to have been

THE PELZ-MEEM SCANDAL.

The Widow and Her Brothers-in-Law. HEARING IN THE POLICE COURT TO-DAY-MES.

MEEM ON THE STAND. The Pelz-Meem scandal case, which was before the Police Court yesterday on charges of threats and disorderly conduct, brought by Mrs. Mary B Meem against Henry Clay and Chas. G. Meem, her brothers-in-law, and which was continued until to-day on account of Henry Clay Meem not being present, was before the court again to-day. Mr. H. H. Wells, jr., and Mr. Betts, of West Washington, appeared for the defendants. Mrs. Meem and two of her daughters were present to prosecute the cases. Henry Clay Meem, who did not respond to his name yesterday, had been arrested in the meantime, and was in the prisoners' dock. Before any testimony had been heard, counsel for the defense offered to plead "guilty" to the charges of threats against their clients, provided the court would take their personal ands. Prosecuting Attorney Moore agreed to this, and the court disposed of this part of the case by taking the personal recognizance of the defendants to the personal recognizance of the defendants to keep the peace towards Mrs. Meem for six

MRS. MEEM'S TESTIMONY. The charges of disturbing the quiet of West Washington still remained to be tried, and to these charges the defendants pleaded not guilty. Mrs. THE MILITARY CONVENTION PROPOSED BY THE PORTE | Meem was the first witness called to the stand. She appeared to be laboring under some mental excitement, and at times, during the giving of her testimony, almost went into hysterics. She testified that about 9:30 o'clock, on the night of the 18th of this month the defendants came under her window (West Washington,) and abused her in the most violent and indecent manner. The court request her to give a sample of the language used to her by the defendants. The witness became more excited, and repeated some epithets which, she said, were used to her by her brothers-in-law. The language was not fit for publication. She said that Henry Clay Meem came up last of the two, and had a loaded revolver in his hand. They threatened to kill her, because, they said, she had scandalized

their family. CROSS-EXAMINATION OF MRS MEEM. On cross-examination by counsel for the defense Mrs. Meem said that her husband was dead, and she had four children. Her husband's people did Lottake care of two of her children. Many years ago when she had scarlet fever in her tamey she sent two of her daughters to the sister of her husband to protect them from the fever, and they afterwards refused to let her have her children, and kept them from her for ten years in defiance of her. Mrs. Meem indignantly denied that her husband's people ever supported any of her children. The counsel for the defense started to cross examine the witness about her husband's will, but

Judge Bundy said that that cut no figure in this case, and he would exclude it. THE QUESTION THE WITNESS ANSWERED RELUC TANTLY. The witness was then asked who was present in the house at the time of this occurrence. She objected to answering the question, saying that that had nothing to do with the case. Counsel pressed her for an answer, but she still

Judge Bundy said the witness could answer the question. The witness said that if she had the right to re fuse to answer the question she would prefer to

The court informed her that she must answer the question, and she replied with some feel-ing that Mr. Peiz, the gentleman about whom all was anxious to appear as a witness, but she thought it was enough for her to be mixed up in such a scandal as this. Mr. Wells asked the witness if there had not been a

SCANDAL CIRCULATED ABOUT HER AND MR. PELZ. She replied that there had been some infamous She said that Mr. Peiz had always visited her, and Counsel for the defense proceeded to question

court checked the examination with the remark that the question of scandal was wholly foreign to the charge before the court, and he would hear no more of it. Mr. Betts said that at this very time this man was in the house with the witness, and the defendants went there, thinking it was their duty to take the children out of such a house.

the witness further about the scandal, but the

Gertrude Meem, a young girl about 15 years old, testified that prior to this occurrence she met Henry Clay Meem on the street, with a pistol in his hand, and he asked her if that man was in her This closed the testimony for the government.

HENRY CLAY MEEM NEWARK, N.J., August 16.-The widow of Cephas | was put on the stand by the defense, and denied making any threats.

Joseph D. Grover was also sworn by the defense, but testified to nothing important. The court said he would impose the only penalty there was for disturbing the quiet of George-

town, \$5 fine or 15 days' imprisonment each, and

he hoped this would be the last of these difficul

Alexandria Affairs. Reported for THE EVENING STAR.

THE FLOUR INSPECTORSHIP .- The commission of lour inspector of this county will soon expire, and under the custom of the past half-century the flour inspector must be of the same politics with the governor of the state. The candidates are Mr. J. S. Taylor, the present incumbent; Mr. John Brown, a miller residing in the neighborhood, and Mr. Joseph Lash. The office pays ten cents per barrel for each barrel of flour or corn meal inspected, and custom allows two "augerfuls" to be drawn from each barrel, which then becomes the property of the inspector. During the half year, ending July 1st, 12,496 barrels were isspected, but the inspection of the last six months of the year is, as a rule, greater than that of the first six months, so that the inspection of 1882 may be estimated at 80,000 barrels. The law authorizes the governor to appoint as many as it inspectors.

the governor to appoint as many as six inspectors of flour in any county.

THE YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION held the Young Men's Christian Association need its regular meeting last night at the class-room of the Washington street M. E. church, President H. W. Beadle in the chair and R. T. Pitts secretary. The meeting was large and great interest was displayed in the work. The general secretary in his report made some representations concerning the base ball association agreement. All the association agreement. his report made some representations concerning
the base ball association agreement. All the activities were reported eminently successful. The
meeting closed with devotional exercises.

Reporter's Notes.—Services of sorrow were
held last night at Golden Light Lodge of Good Templars, in memory of C. F. Stansbury and Mrs. W.
C. Markell.—A schooner is to be built this see
son at the lower shipyard for Georgetown owners
—The Alexandria canal (Georgetown aqueduct
case was yesterday postponed by Judge Hughe
until the 4th of October.—The trusters of the
Lee and Seaton colored school buildings will have
a conference with a committee of the school boar
at the superintendent's office next Friday evening
on the subject of the colored school houses.—
Judge Hughes held a session of the U. S. com
here yesterday afternoon, and heard the case
the schooner R. P. King, which has been fied up
the wharves here for some time under judge
washington, have libelled the vessel was arrewashington, have libelled the vessel was arrewashington.—The Prince William case
show agt. Snow was argued on a motion to a
mand to the state court by Messra. Weed and He
ris of Washington. The court adjournel, soldie
the cases for future adjudication.